

### SECTION: 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product Name: Weldcote Nozzle Gel  
Product Identification: Nozzle Gel
- Product Specification:
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:
- 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses: For welding consumables and related products.
- 1.2.2 Uses advised: Reference the [ 7. Handling and storage]
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:
- Supplier: Weldcote Metals Inc.  
 842 Oak Grove Rd.  
 Kings Mountain, NC 28086
- Emergency telephone number: (800) 424-9300 or (704) 739-4115
- Email: [info@weldcotemetals.com](mailto:info@weldcotemetals.com)

### SECTION: 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the mixture:  
 The product is placed on the market in solid form
- 2.1.1 Classification in accordance with GHS-US:
- |                 |      |
|-----------------|------|
| Eye irritation  | H319 |
| Carcinogenicity | H351 |
| Skin Sens.      | H315 |

- Label elements:
- 2.2 GHS-US labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):



Signal word (GHS-US):

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US):

- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
- P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
- P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before use.
- P391 Collect spillage
- P403+P233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 Store locked up
- P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regional/national international regulations.

- 2.3 Other hazards: No additional information available
- 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US): No data available.

**SECTION: 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

- 3.1 Substances: No data available  
 Full Text of H-phrases: see section 16
- 3.2 Mixtures: The mixture contains dangerous substances:

| Substance name                           | Product Identifier (CAS No)                                   | % Percent | GHS-US classification   |                |
|--|---|-----------|---|----------------|
| Dihydroxy, anthracenedione, phenyl amino | C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | -         | Skin Irrit. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H315, H319, H335, H410 |                |
| Petrolatum                               | Cu  | 3/8/8009  | 99.9-99   | Not classified |

**SECTION: 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

- 4.1 Description of first aid measures:  
First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and get medical attention.  
First-aid measures after skin contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.  
First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if discomfort persists.  
First-aid measures after ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.
- 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:  
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Short-term (acute) overexposure to the gases, fumes, and dusts may include irritation of the eyes, lungs, nose, and throat. Some toxic gases associated with welding may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation, and death. Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. The presence of chromium/chromate in fume can cause irritation of nasal membranes and skin. The presence of nickel compounds in fume can cause metallic taste, nausea, tightness of chest, fever, and allergic reaction. Excessive inhalation or ingestion of manganese can produce manganese poisoning. Overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system, symptoms of which are languor, sleepiness, muscular weakness, emotional disturbances, and spastic gait resembling Parkinsonism. These symptoms can become progressive and permanent if not treated. Excessive inhalation of fumes may cause "Metal Fume Fever" with Flu-like symptoms such as chills, fever, body aches, vomiting, sweating, etc.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Dusts may cause irritation.  
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes eye irritation.  
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not an anticipated route of exposure during normal product handling. May be harmful if ingested.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No data available.

**SECTION: 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

- 5.1 Extinguishing media:  
Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.  
Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases.  
Fire hazard: Not flammable  
Explosion hazard: None known
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

**SECTION: 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:  
For non-emergency personnel: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation.  
For emergency responders: No data available.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid release into the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, ground and surface water drains and sewers.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Take up mechanically. Collect the material in labeled containers and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 7 for information of safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

**SECTION: 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- 7.1 Precautions and safe handling: Welding may produce dust, fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing dust, fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including and incompatibilities: Store in cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat and open flame.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s): For welding consumables and related products.

**SECTION: 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

- 8.1 Control parameters: Exposure limits were not established for this product

|                        |                                     |                         |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Dihydroxy Phenyl Amino |                                     | (CAS No) 8009-03-8      |
| USA ACGIH              | ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )    |                         |
| USA OSHA               | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) |                         |
| Petrolatum             |                                     | (CAS No)                |
| USA ACGIH              | ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )    | 5.00 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |
| USA OSHA               | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | 10.00 mg/m <sup>3</sup> |

- 8.2 Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls: local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.

Hand protection: Wear welding gloves.

Eye protection: Wear helmet or face shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number. See ANSI/ASC Z49.1 Section 4.2. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others.

Skin and body protection: Wear head and body protection, which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks, flame and electrical shock. See ANSI Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Train the employee not to touch live electrical parts and to insulate him/herself from work and ground. Welders should not wear short sleeve shirts or short pants.

Respiratory protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### SECTION: 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

|  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| Physical state:                                | - Gel               |
| Appearances:                                   | - Opaque gel        |
| Color:   | - Opaque            |
| Odor:  | - No odor           |
| Odor threshold:                                | - No data available |
| pH:  | - No data available |
| Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1): | - No data available |
| Melting point:                                 | - No data available |
| Freezing point:                                | - No data available |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range:       | - 100 - 140 F       |
| Flash point:                                   | - No data available |
| Self ignition temperature:                     | - No data available |
| Decomposition temperature:                     | - No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas):                     | - No data available |
| Vapour pressure:                               | - No data available |
| Relative vapour density at 20· C:              | - No data available |
| Relative density:                              | - No data available |
| Solubility(ies)                                | - No data available |
| Log Pow:                                       | - No data available |
| Log Kow:                                       | - No data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic:                          | - No data available |
| Viscosity, dynamic:                            | - No data available |
| Explosive properties:                          | - No data available |
| Oxidizing properties:                          | - No data available |
| Explosive limits:                              | - No data available |

9.2 Other information: No additional information available.

### SECTION: 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity: No additional information available.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable under normal conditions. When using it may produce dangerous fumes and gases.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: None

10.5 Incompatible materials: None

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and welding consumables used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coating on the metal being welded (i.e. paint, painting, galvanizing), the number of welders, the volume of the work area, the quality and the amount of ventilation, the position of the welders head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from the cleaning and degreasing activities).

When an electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Fume and gas decomposition, and not the ingredients in the electrode, are important. The concentration of a given fume or gas component may decrease or increase by many times the original concentration. Also, new compounds not in the electrodes may form.

Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonable expected fume constituents of this product would include: Complex oxides of iron, manganese, silicon, chromium, nickel, columbium, molybdenum, copper, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, ozone and nitrogen Oxides. Some products will also contain antimony, barium, molybdenum, aluminum, columbium, magnesium, strontium, tungsten, and or zirconium. Fume limit for chromium, nickel and or manganese may be reached before limit of 5 mg/m3 of general welding fumes is reached.

Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. Lejeune Road, Miami, FL 33126.

### SECTION: 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed

| Substance name         | CAS number | LD50 oral rat (mg/kg) | ATE (oral) (mg/kg) | Comments |
|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| Dihydroxy Phenyl Amino | 8009-03-8  |                       |                    | No Data  |
| Petrolatum             |            | 50,000 mg/kg          |                    |          |

Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation  
 Serious eye damage/irritation: May cause eye irritation  
 Respiratory or skin sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 Germ cell mutagenicity: May cause damage to organs  
 Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.  
 Reproductive toxicity: Not classified  
 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Not classified  
 Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure  
 Aspiration hazard: Causes drowsiness / dizziness

### SECTION: 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity:

Ecology - general: No data available.

|                        |                               |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Dihydroxy Phenyl Amino | (CAS No) 8009-03-8            |
| LC50 fishes 1          | (no bioaccumulation expected) |
| Petrolatum             | (CAS No)                      |
| BCF fish 1             | (no bioaccumulation expected) |

12.2 Persistence and degradability: No additional information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: No additional information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil: No additional information available.

12.5 Other adverse effects: No additional information available.

### SECTION: 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### SECTION: 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In accordance with DOT / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

14.1 UN Number: Not a dangerous good in sense of transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name: Not applicable

### SECTION: 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Dihydroxy, Phenyl Amino (CAS No) 8009-03-8                                |  |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory |  |
| Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)             |  |
| SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0%                                |  |
| Petrolatum (CAS No)   |  |
| Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory |  |

### 15.2 US State Regulations:

|   |   |   |   |                                   |
|---|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Dihydroxy, Phenyl Amino (CAS No) 8009-03-8            |   |   |   |                                   |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male | No Significance risk level (NSRL) |
| Yes   | Yes   |   |   |                                   |
| Petrolatum (CAS No)                                   |   |   |   |                                   |
| U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List | U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity | U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female | U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male | No Significance risk level (NSRL) |
| Yes   |   |   |   |                                   |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Dihydroxy, Phenyl Amino (CAS No) 8009-03-8                 |  |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List                  |  |
| U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List                |  |
| U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List |  |
| U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List             |  |
| Petrolatum (CAS No)  |  |
| U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List                  |  |
| U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List                |  |
| U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List |  |
| U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List             |  |

SECTION: 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases:

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Carc. 1A      | Carcinogenicity, Category 1A                                       |
| Eye Irrit. 2A | Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A                      |
| H315          | Causes skin irritation   |
| H319          | Causes serious eye irritation                                      |
| H335          | May cause respiratory irritation                                   |
| H336          | May cause drowsiness or dizziness                                  |
| H351          | Suspected of causing cancer  |
| H373          | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |



- NFPA health hazard: 0 – Minimal health hazard
- NFPA fire hazard: 1 – Must be preheated to burn
- MFPA reactivity: 0 – Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water

HMIS III Rating

- Health: 0 - Minimal Hazard
- Flammability: 0 - Minimal Hazard
- Physical: 0 - Minimal Hazard

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All chemical products can in fact present unknown risks to health, safety and / or the environment, even in relation to the different operating conditions, and they must therefore be used with care. For this reason we cannot guarantee that the risk described in this form are the only foreseeable risks. The user must therefore satisfy himself as to the particular conditions under which it is intended to be use in. Moreover, it must be noted that the user is obliged to comply with all the legislative, administrative and regulatory provisions regarding the product and its use in terms of occupational hygiene and safety, and environmental protection, apart from the information given in the form, given purely as guidance.

Technical Department