

### SECTION: 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product Name: Weldcote Soldering Liquid Flux – General Purpose  
Product Identification: Soldering Liquid Flux  
 AWS A5.31
- Product Specification:
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:
- 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses: For welding consumables and related products.
- 1.2.2 Uses advised: Reference the [ 7. Handling and storage]
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:  
Supplier: Weldcote Metals Inc.  
 842 Oak Grove Rd.  
 Kings Mountain, NC 28086  
 (800) 424-9300 or (704) 739-4115
- Emergency telephone number:  
Email: [info@weldcotemetals.com](mailto:info@weldcotemetals.com)

### SECTION: 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the mixture:  
 The product is placed on the market in solid form

- 2.1.1 Classification in accordance with GHS-US:
- |               |      |
|---------------|------|
| Skin Sens.    | H314 |
| Eye Irritant: | H319 |

Label elements:

- 2.2 GHS-US labeling:

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):



Signal word (GHS-US):

Danger

Hazard statements (GH5-US):

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <u>H302</u> | Harmful if swallowed                    |
| <u>H401</u> | Toxic to aquatic life                   |
| <u>H314</u> | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| <u>H335</u> | May cause respiratory irritation        |
| <u>H400</u> | Very toxic to aquatic life              |
| <u>H319</u> | Causes serious eye irritation           |

Precautionary statements:

- |                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <u>P264</u>           | Wash thoroughly after handling   |
| <u>P270</u>           | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product   |
| <u>P273</u>           | Avoid release into the environment   |
| <u>P280</u>           | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.   |
| <u>P301+P312</u>      | IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.   |
| <u>P305+P351+P338</u> | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. |
| <u>P330</u>           | Rinse mouth  |
| <u>P337+P313</u>      | If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.   |
| <u>P301+P330+P331</u> | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |
| <u>P304+P340</u>      | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.                                 |
| <u>P309+P311</u>      | IF exposed or you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.   |
- 2.3 Other hazards: No additional information available
- 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US): No data available.



# Soldering Paste Flux General Purpose

## SAFETY DATA SHEET Pg 2

### SECTION: 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances: No data available

Full Text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2 Mixtures: The mixture contains dangerous substances:

Substance name	Product Identifier (CAS No)	% Percent	GHS-US classification	
Ammonium Chloride	H <sub>4</sub> CIN	12125-02-9	4-15	Acute Tox. 4; Eye irrit. 2A; Aquatic Acute 2; Aquatic Chronic 2
Hydrochloric Acid	HCl	7647-01-0	3-10	Met. Corr. 1; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; STOT SE 3
Zinc Chloride	Cl <sub>2</sub> Zn	7646-85-7	30-45	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1

### SECTION: 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and get medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion: If patient is fully conscious, give large amounts of water. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Short-term (acute) overexposure to the gases, fumes, and dusts may include irritation of the eyes, lungs, nose, and throat. Some toxic gases associated with welding may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation, and death. Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. The presence of chromium/chromate in fume can cause irritation of nasal membranes and skin. The presence of nickel compounds in fume can cause metallic taste, nausea, tightness of chest, fever, and allergic reaction. Excessive inhalation or ingestion of manganese can produce manganese poisoning. Overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system, symptoms of which are languor, sleepiness, muscular weakness, emotional disturbances, and spastic gait resembling Parkinsonism. These symptoms can become progressive and permanent if not treated. Excessive inhalation of fumes may cause "Metal Fume Fever" with Flu-like symptoms such as chills, fever, body aches, vomiting, sweating, etc.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not an anticipated route of exposure during normal product handling. May be harmful if ingested.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No data available.

### SECTION: 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases.

Fire hazard: Not flammable

Explosion hazard: None known

5.3 Advice for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

**SECTION: 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

- 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:  
For non-emergency personnel: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. First neutralize with soda ash or sodium bicarbonate, dilute with water.  
For emergency responders: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. First neutralize with soda ash or sodium bicarbonate, dilute with water.
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid release into the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, ground and surface water drains and sewers.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Take up mechanically. Collect the material in labeled containers and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 7 for information of safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

**SECTION: 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- 7.1 Precautions and safe handling: Welding may produce dust, fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing dust, fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.
- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including and incompatibilities: Store in cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat and open flame.
- 7.3 Specific end use(s): For welding consumables and related products.

**SECTION: 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

- 8.1 Control parameters: Exposure limits were not established for this product

Ammonium Chloride		(CAS No) 12125-02-9
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrochloric Acid		(CAS No) 7647-01-0
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.00 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5.00 ppm / 7.00 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Zinc Chloride		(CAS No) 7646-85-7
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.00 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.00 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

- 8.2 Exposure controls:

Appropriate engineering controls: local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.

Hand protection: Wear welding gloves.

Eye protection: Wear helmet or face shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number. See ANSI/ASC Z49.1 Section 4.2. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others.

Skin and body protection: Wear head and body protection, which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks, flame and electrical shock. See ANSI Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Train the employee not to touch live electrical parts and to insulate him/herself from work and ground. Welders should not wear short sleeve shirts or short pants.

Respiratory protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

## SECTION: 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Physical state:	- Paste
Appearances:	- Clear Paste
Color:	- Clear
Odor:	- Odorless
Odor threshold:	- No data available
pH:	- No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1):	- No data available
Melting point:	- 65 C / 200 F
Freezing point:	- No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	- No data available
Flash point:	- No data available
Self ignition temperature:	- No data available
Decomposition temperature:	- No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	- No data available
Vapour pressure:	" No data available
Relative vapour density at 20· C:	- No data available
Relative density:	- No data available
Solubility(ies)	- No data available
Log Pow:	- No data available
Log Kow:	- No data available
Viscosity, kinematic:	- No data available
Viscosity, dynamic:	- No data available
Explosive properties:	- No data available
Oxidizing properties:	- No data available
Explosive limits:	- No data available

## 9.2 Other information: No additional information available.

## SECTION: 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

 10.1 Reactivity: No additional information available.

 10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable under normal conditions. When using it may produce dangerous fumes and gases.

 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Will not occur.

 10.4 Conditions to avoid: None

 10.5 Incompatible materials: None

 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and welding consumables used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coating on the metal being welded (i.e. paint, painting, galvanizing), the number of welders, the volume of the work area, the quality and the amount of ventilation, the position of the welders head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from the cleaning and degreasing activities).

When an electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Fume and gas decomposition, and not the ingredients in the electrode, are important. The concentration of a given fume or gas component may decrease or increase by many times the original concentration. Also, new compounds not in the electrodes may form.

Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonable expected fume constituents of this product would include: Complex oxides of iron, manganese, silicon, chromium, nickel, columbium, molybdenum, copper, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, ozone and nitrogen Oxides. Some products will also contain antimony, barium, molybdenum, aluminum, columbium, magnesium, strontium, tungsten, and or zirconium. Fume limit for chromium, nickel and or manganese may be reached before limit of 5 mg/m3 of general welding fumes is reached.

Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1., F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. Lejeune Road, Miami, FL 33126.

### SECTION: 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed

Substance name	CAS number	LD50 oral rat (mg/kg)	ATE (oral) (mg/kg)	Comments
Ammonium Chloride	12125-02-9	1650 mg/kg		
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	>= 0.1%	>= 0.1%	bodyweight
Zinc Chloride	7646-85-7	350 mg/kg	>= 0.1%	bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Corrosive
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Eye damage
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	Causes allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity:	May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard:	Not classified

### SECTION: 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity:

Ecology - general: No data available.

Ammonium Chloride	(CAS No) 12125-02-9
LC50 fishes 1	209 mg/l - (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 216 h - species: Daphnia magna [static])
Hydrochloric Acid	(CAS No) 7647-01-0
LC50 fishes 1	282 mg/l - (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Gambusia affinis)
Zinc Chloride	(CAS No) 7646-85-7
LC50 fishes 1	0.4 - 2.2 mg/l - (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - species: Daphnia magna [static])

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability: No additional information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: No additional information available.
- 12.4 Mobility in soil: No additional information available.
- 12.5 Other adverse effects: No additional information available.

**SECTION: 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

- 13.1 Waste treatment methods: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.  
Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**SECTION: 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

In accordance with DOT / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

- 14.1 UN Number: Not a dangerous good in sense of transport regulations
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name: Not applicable

**SECTION: 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

- 15.1 US Federal Regulations:

<b>Ammonium Chloride (CAS No) 12125-02-9</b>
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0%
<b>Hydrochloric Acid (CAS No) 7647-01-0</b>
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0% (dust or fume only)
<b>Zinc Chloride (CAS No) 7646-85-7</b>
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0%



# Soldering Paste Flux General Purpose

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### 15.2 US State Regulations:

Ammonium Chloride (CAS No) 12125-02-9				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS No) 7647-01-0				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zinc Chloride (CAS No) 7646-85-7				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Ammonium Chloride (CAS No) 12125-02-9	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS No) 7647-01-0	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Zinc Chloride (CAS No) 7646-85-7	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List	
U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	

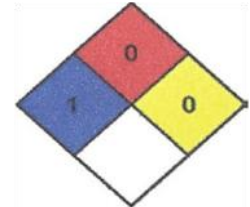
SECTION: 16

OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases:

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P273	Avoid release to the environment
P280	Wear protective gloves/protection clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician if you feel unwell
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing
P330	Rinse mouth
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P309+P311	IF exposed or you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

NFPA health hazard: 1 – Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.  
 NFPA fire hazard: 0 – Materials that will not burn.  
 MFPA reactivity: 0 – Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water



HMIS III Rating

Health: 2 Moderate Hazard – Temporary or minor injury may occur  
 Flammability: 0 Minimal Hazard  
 Physical: 0 Minimal Hazard

We believe that the information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate as of the date of this SDS. All statements or suggestions are made without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the information, the hazard connected with the use of this material or the results to be obtained for use thereof. As the condition or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. It is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of these products.

All chemical products can in fact present unknown risks to health, safety and / or the environment, even in relation to the different operating conditions, and they must therefore be used with care. For this reason we cannot guarantee that the risk described in this form are the only foreseeable risks. The user must therefore satisfy himself as to the particular conditions under which it is intended to be used. Moreover, it must be noted that the user is obliged to comply with all the legislative, administrative and regulatory provisions regarding the product and its use in terms of occupational hygiene and safety, and environmental protection, apart from the information given in the form, given purely as guidance.

Technical Department