

Control # 950 date: 5/29/15

SECTION: 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product Name: Tin Zinc Lead Multipurpose Solder and Galvanizing Solder
Product Identification: 30Sn/20Zn/50Pb Solder
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:
- 1.2.1 Relevant identified uses: For solder consumables and related products.
- 1.2.2 Uses advised: Reference the [7. Handling and storage]
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:
- Supplier: Weldcote Metals Inc.
 842 Oak Grove Rd.
 Kings Mountain, NC 28086
- Emergency telephone number: (800) 424-9300 or (704) 739-4115
- Email: info@weldcotemetals.com

SECTION: 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the mixture:
 The product is placed on the market in solid form

2.1.1 Classification in accordance with GHS-US

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	H302
STOT RE2	H373
Repr. 2	H361
Resp.Sens 1B	H334
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Aquatic Chronic 4	H413

- 2.2 Label elements:

GHS-US labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):



GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US): Danger

Hazard statements (GH5-US):

<u>H302</u>	Harmful if swallowed
<u>H334</u>	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
<u>H317</u>	May cause an allergic skin reaction
<u>H361</u>	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
<u>H373</u>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<u>H413</u>	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements:

<u>P270</u>	Do not eat, drink or smoke with using this product.
<u>P280</u>	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
<u>P302+P352</u>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
<u>P304+P341</u>	IF INHALED: if breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
<u>P305+P351+P338</u>	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<u>P402</u>	Store in a dry place.
<u>P501</u>	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regional/national international regulations.

- 2.3 Other hazards: No additional information available
- 2.4 Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US): No data available.

SECTION: 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1 Substances: No data available
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16
- 3.2 Mixtures: The mixture contains dangerous substances:

Tin Galvanizing Solder

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Substance name	Product Identifier (CAS No)	% Percent	GHS-US classification
Tin Sn	7440-31-5	20-25	Not classified
Lead Pb	7439-92-1	35-55	Carc. 2 H351; Repr. 2, H361; STOT RE2; Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Zinc Zn	7440-66-6	15-25	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Repr. IA, H360 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

SECTION: 4 FIRST AID

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and get medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if discomfort persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Short-term (acute) overexposure to the gases, fumes, and dusts may include irritation of the eyes, lungs, nose, and throat. Some toxic gases associated with welding may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation, and death. Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. The presence of chromium/chromate in fume can cause irritation of nasal membranes and skin. The presence of nickel compounds in fume can cause metallic taste, nausea, tightness of chest, fever, and allergic reaction. Excessive inhalation or ingestion of manganese can produce manganese poisoning. Overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system, symptoms of which are languor, sleepiness, muscular weakness, emotional disturbances, and spastic gait resembling Parkinsonism. These symptoms can become progressive and permanent if not treated. Excessive inhalation of fumes may cause "Metal Fume Fever" with Flu-like symptoms such as chills, fever, body aches, vomiting, sweating, etc.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Dusts may cause irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Not an anticipated route of exposure during normal product handling. May be harmful if ingested.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No data available.

SECTION: 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Fire may produce irritating or poisonous gases.

Fire hazard: Not flammable

Explosion hazard: None known

5.3 Advice for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

Tin Galvanizing Solder

SAFETY DATA SHEET

30f8

SECTION: 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- 6.1 **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:**
For non-emergency personnel: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation.
For emergency responders: No data available.
- 6.2 **Environmental precautions:** Avoid release into the environment. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and contact with soil, ground and surface water drains and sewers.
- 6.3 **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Take up mechanically. Collect the material in labeled containers and dispose of according to local and regional authority requirements.
- 6.4 **Reference to other sections:** See Section 7 for information of safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION: 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

- 7.1 **Precautions and safe handling:** Welding may produce dust, fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing dust, fumes and gases. Use adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas.
- 7.2 **Conditions for safe storage, including and incompatibilities:** Store in cool, dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat and open flame.
- 7.3 **Specific end use(s):** For welding consumables and related products.

SECTION: 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

- 8.1 **Control parameters:** Exposure limits were not established for this product

Tin (CAS No) 7440-31-5		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Lead (CAS No) 7493-92-1		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	50 ug/m ³
Zinc oxide (CAS No) 1314-13-2		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³

8.2 **Exposure controls:**

Appropriate engineering controls: local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.
 Hand protection: Wear welding gloves.

Eye protection: Wear helmet or face shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number. See ANSI/ASC Z49.1 Section 4.2. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others.

Skin and body protection: Wear head and body protection, which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks, flame and electrical shock. See ANSI Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Train the employee not to touch live electrical parts and to insulate him/herself from work and ground. Welders should not wear short sleeve shirts or short pants.

Respiratory protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

SECTION: 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Physical state:	- Solid
Appearances:	- Wire or rod
Color:	- Silver gray
Odor:	- Mild
Odor threshold:	- No data available
pH:	- No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1):	- No data available
Melting point:	- 419 C (786 F)
Freezing point:	- No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	- No data available
Flash point:	- No data available
Self ignition temperature:	- No data available
Decomposition temperature:	- No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	- No data available
Vapour pressure:	" No data available
Relative vapour density at 20· C:	- No data available
Relative density:	- No data available
Solubility(ies)	- No data available
Log Pow:	- No data available
Log Kow:	- No data available
Viscosity, kinematic:	- No data available
Viscosity, dynamic:	- No data available
Explosive properties:	- No data available
Oxidizing properties:	- No data available
Explosive limits:	- No data available

 9.2 Other information: No additional information available.

SECTION: 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

 10.1 Reactivity: No additional information available.

 10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable under normal conditions. When using it may produce dangerous fumes and gases.

 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Will not occur.

 10.4 Conditions to avoid: None

 10.5 Incompatible materials: None

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and welding consumables used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coating on the metal being welded (i.e. paint, painting, galvanizing), the number of welders, the volume of the work area, the quality and the amount of ventilation, the position of the welders head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from the cleaning and degreasing activities).

When an electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Fume and gas decomposition, and not the ingredients in the electrode, are important. The concentration of a given fume or gas component may decrease or increase by many times the original concentration. Also, new compounds not in the electrodes may form.

Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonable expected fume constituents of this product would include: Complex oxides of iron, manganese, silicon, chromium, nickel, columbium, molybdenum, copper, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, ozone and nitrogen Oxides. Some products will also contain antimony, barium, molybdenum, aluminum, columbium, magnesium, strontium, tungsten, and or zirconium. Fume limit for chromium, nickel and or manganese may be reached before limit of 5 mg/m³ of general welding fumes is reached.

Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1., F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. Lejeune Road, Miami, FL 33126.

SECTION: 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

Acute toxicity: Harmful if swallowed

Substance name	CAS number	LD50 oral rat (mg/kg)	ATE (oral) (mg/kg)	Comments
Tin	7440-31-5			No Data
Lead	7439-92-1		450 mg/kg	
Zinc	7440-66-6		124 mg/kg	

Skin corrosion/irritation:	Poss irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Poss irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitization:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not classified
Carcinogenicity:	May cause cancer.

Substance name	CAS number	Agency	Risk Factor
Tin	7440-31-5	IARC Group	
Lead	7439-92-1	IARC Group	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Zinc	7440-66-6	IARC Group	

Reproductive toxicity:	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):	Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure):	Not classified
Aspiration hazard:	Not classified

SECTION: 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity:

Ecology - general: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Tin	(CAS No) 7440-31-5
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Lead	(CAS No) 7493-92-1
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Zinc	(CAS No) 7440-66-6
LC50 fishes 1	2.16 - 3.05 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.139 - 0.908 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - species: Daphnia magna [static])
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	0.11 - 0.271 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
LC50 fish 2	0.211 - 0.269 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - species: Pimephales promelas ([semi-static])
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	0.09 - 0.125 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata[static])

12.2 Persistence and degradability: No additional information available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: No additional information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil: No additional information available.

12.5 Other adverse effects: No additional information available.

SECTION: 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods: Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.
 Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION: 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In accordance with DOT / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

14.1 UN Number: Not a dangerous good in sense of transport regulations
 14.2 UN proper shipping name: Not applicable

SECTION: 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations:

Tin	(CAS No) 7440-31-5
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	
Lead	(CAS No) 7493-92-1
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	
Zinc	(CAS No) 7440-66-6
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0% (dust or fume only)	

15.2 US State Regulations:

Tin (CAS No) 7440-31-5				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				
Lead (CAS No) 7493-92-1				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				
Zinc (CAS No) 7440-66-6				
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No Significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				

SECTION: 16

OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-phrases:

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

<u>NFPA health hazard:</u>	2 – Hazardous, use breathing apparatus.
<u>NFPA fire hazard:</u>	1 – Must be preheated to burn.
<u>NFPA reactivity:</u>	0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



<u>HMS III Rating</u>	
<u>Health:</u>	2 - Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
<u>Flammability:</u>	1 – Slight Harard
<u>Physical:</u>	0 - Minimal Hazard

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